

Academic subject: GEOMETRY 1			
Degree Class: L-35-Scienze Matematiche		Degree Course: Mathematics	
		Academic Year: 2017/2018	
		Kind of class: Mandatory	
		Year: 1	Period: 1
		ECTS: 8 divided into ECTS lessons: 5 ECTS exe/lab/tutor: 3	
Time management, hours, in-class study hours, out-of-class study hours lesson: 40 exe/lab/tutor: 55 in-class study: 95 out-of-class study: 105			
Language: Italian		Compulsory Attendance: no	
Subject Teacher: Amici Oriella Maria		Tel: 085442691 e-mail: oriellamaria.amici@uniba.it	
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		Office days and hours: Thursday 11-13, other days by appointment.	
Prerequisites: It suffices know those topics learnt at high school			
Educational objectives: At the end of the course the student has a basic Knowledge of Linear Algebra, necessary for understanding other following courses			
Expected learning outcomes (according to Dublin Descriptors)		<p>Knowledge and understanding: Acquiring fundamental concepts in Linear Algebra (matrices, linear systems, vector spaces, linear maps and bilinear forms)</p> <p>Applying knowledge and understanding: The acquired theoretical knowledge will be used in the most part of the following courses, in particular in Affine Geometry</p> <p>Making judgements: Ability to analyze the consistency of the logical arguments used in the proofs</p> <p>Communication: Acquiring the mathematical basic language and formalism</p> <p>Lifelong learning skills: Acquiring suitable learning methods by means of a series of theorems and their respective proofs, in parallel with important examples and exercises</p>	
Course program			
<u>Algebraic structures</u> Binary operations. Groups and subgroups. Rings, fields, subfields. Homomorphism of groups and fields. Kernel and image of homomorphism. Complex numbers and structure field.			
<u>Matrices and linear systems.</u> Matrices with elements over field. The transpose of a matrix. Diagonal, symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices. Matrix product. The group $GL(n, k)$ and its subgroups. Rank of a matrix and properties. Determinant of a square matrix and its properties. Binet, Rouchè- Capelli, Cramer Theorems. Linear systems. Homogeneous systems.			
<u>Vector spaces.</u> Vector spaces: properties and fundamental examples. Vector subspaces, examples. Intersection, sum, direct sum of subspaces. Supplementary subspaces. Vector space spanned by n vectors. Finitely generated vector spaces and system generators. Linearly independent and dependent vectors. Bases. Components of a vector with respect to a basis. Dimension of vector space. Grassmann identity. Existence of a supplementary of a vector subspace. Change of basis matrix.			

Linear maps

Linear maps between vector spaces.

Binary operations. Groups and subgroups. Rings, fields, subfields. Homomorphism of groups and fields. Kernel and image of homomorphism. Complex numbers and structure field.

Matrices and linear systems.

Matrices with elements over field. The transpose of a matrix. Diagonal, symmetric and skew-symmetric matrices. Matrix product. The group $GL(n, k)$ and its subgroups. Rank of a matrix and properties. Determinant of a square matrix and its properties. Binet, Rouché-Capelli, Cramer Theorems. Linear systems. Homogeneous systems.

Vector spaces.

Vector spaces: properties and fundamental examples. Vector subspaces, examples. Intersection, sum, direct sum of subspaces. Supplementary subspaces. Vector space spanned by n vectors. Finitely generated vector spaces and system generators. Linearly independent and dependent vectors. Bases. Components of a vector with respect to a basis. Dimension of vector space. Grassmann identity. Existence of a supplementary of a vector subspace. Change of basis matrix.

Linear maps

Linear maps between vector spaces, characterization and properties. Fundamental examples. Kernel and image of a linear map. Existence and uniqueness of linear map. Characterization of monomorphisms and isomorphisms. Dual and bidual space. Matrices associated with a linear map. Orientation of a real vector space. Similar matrices. Eigenvectors, eigenvalues and eigenspaces of an endomorphism. Characteristic polynomial. Algebraic and geometric multiplicity of an eigenvalue. Diagonalizable endomorphisms and matrices. Criterion of diagonalizability of endomorphism.

Bilinear forms

Bilinear forms. Symmetric and skew-symmetric bilinear forms. Matrices associated to bilinear form. Matrix congruence. Orthogonal vectors. Orthogonal complement of subspace. Fourier coefficient. Orthogonal bases. Real quadratic forms. Sylvester's Theorem. Signature of real quadratic form: semidefinite, definite and indefinite forms. Vector spaces, characterization and properties. Fundamental examples. Kernel and image of a linear map. Existence and uniqueness of linear map. Characterization of monomorphisms and isomorphisms. Dual and bidual space. Matrices associated with a linear map. Orientation of a real vector space. Similar matrices. Eigenvectors, eigenvalues and eigenspaces of an endomorphism. Characteristic polynomial. Algebraic and geometric multiplicity of an eigenvalue. Diagonalizable endomorphisms and matrices. Criterion of diagonalizability of endomorphism.

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Teaching methods:

Lectures and exercise sections

Auxiliary teaching:

tutorial activity

Assessment methods:

Written and oral exam, joint with Geometry 2

Bibliography:

E. Sernesi, Geometria I, Boringhieri.
M.I. Stoka, Corso di Geometria, Cedam Padova
A. Facchini, Algebra e Matematica Discreta, Zanichelli
M. Abate C. De Fabritiis, Esercizi di Geometria, Mc. Graw-Hill.
De Bartolomeis, Algebra lineare, La Nuova Italia.